## **Instructions for the PCS PACT Form**

Field/Category Instructions	
A	
Annual This due date is a minimum of 365 days from the date of the	
Certification Due   assessment being documented on the PACT form. The date is	
calculated from the assessment date and not from the date the	
physician signs the PCS PACT form.	
Referral Date Date provider received the initial referral for services. This date	ite
stays the same on all future PACT forms until the patient is	
discharged. If the patient is later reopened for services, the ne	W
referral date is entered on the new PACT form.	
Date Initial Date provider completed the initial assessment in the patient's	s
Assessment home. This date remains the same on all future PACT forms to	ıntil
Completed the patient is discharged. If the patient is later reopened for	
services, a new assessment date is entered on the new PACT	form.
Date Last Date provider completed the last reassessment – this date may	be
Reassessment the date of the last annual reassessment or the date a reassessi	nent
Completed was completed due to a change in the patient's condition that	
required completion of a new PCS PACT form.	
Provider Name  Name of provider agency at this licensed/enrolled site	
PCS Provider # PCS provider # assigned by DMA for this specific	
licensed/enrolled site	
Provider Phone # Provider agency phone number including area code for this	
licensed/enrolled site	
Provider Address Provider agency address for this specific licensed/enrolled sit	e –
include city, state and zip code	
Field 1 Patient's first and last name as it appears on the Medicaid car	d
(blue or pink)	
Field 2 Medicaid ID # as it appears on the Medicaid card (blue or pin	k)
Field 3 Patient's Social Security Number	
Field 4 Patient's address – include city, state, and zip code	
Field 5 Patient's phone number – include area code	
Field 6 Sex of the patient – male or female	
Field 7 Patient's date of birth – month/day/year	
Field 8 Indicate with whom the patient lives – check all that apply	
Field 9 Contact person's name – relationship to patient, address, phor	ne no.
at home and work – include zip code	
Field 10 Attending physician's name – this is the name that must also	
appear as the authorizer of PCS Services on the PACT form,	phone
no. and address. This is the patient's primary physician. If the	
Medicaid card indicates Carolina Access/Community Care th	
primary physician must be the Carolina Access/Community C	
physician.	
Field 11 Date of most recent exam, month/day/year by primary physic	ian.
Field 12 Vital signs taken by RN at assessment today	
Field 13 Reason for referral for PCS services	

Field/Category	Instructions	
Field 14	Diagnosis – specify date of onset and ICD-9 code (s) for the	
rieid 14		
	diagnosis/diagnoses related to the medical condition (s) supporting	
	the need for PCS. Remember, the date of onset is critical in all	
	surgical/orthopedic diagnoses. If the date is not known, you may	
	give your best estimate of the date. For example, less than 5 years,	
	etc.	
Field 15	Current care – type and source – list informal and formal	
	caregivers, example, Meals on Wheels, home health, etc.	
Field 16	List all medications – name/dose/frequency/route – remember to	
	include prescribed and over the counter medications, include	
	oxygen flow rate and route.	
Field 17	Indicate if medications are self-administered and who assists if	
	applicable by name and relationship. Indicate if reminders are	
	needed.	
Field 18	Indicate if allergies exist, and if yes, write in all known allergies –	
	include food, medications and environmental allergies	
Page 2		
Patient First and	As it appears on the Medicaid card and page 1 of the PCS PACT	
Last Name	Form	
Medicaid ID	As it appears on the Medicaid card and page 1 of the PCS PACT	
	Form	
Assessment Date	Date this assessment is completed in the patient's home	

## **Limitations in Activities of Daily Living (ADLs)**

Activities of daily living are activities that we are normally able to perform independently for ourselves. Patients on the PCS program need either assistance with their ADLs or need to have the ADL performed for them. There are six universally recognized activities of daily living. They are: bathing, dressing, ambulation/transfers (mobility), eating, toileting and bowel/bladder incontinence. To qualify for PCS, the patient must have two ADL deficits in any of these six ADLs. You would score your hands on assistance with ADL tasks; personal care associated with ADLs and delegated medical monitoring to meet the criteria for PCS. The personal care tasks or delegated medical monitoring would not stand alone as an ADL deficit. You would need at least two of the six ADL deficits listed above to qualify for the PCS program.

(Note: do not confuse ADLs with IADLs. IADLs are instrumental activities of daily living. IADLs are home management tasks. For example, a patient that cannot eat independently and must be fed orally or by a tube has an ADL deficit in eating. A patient, who can feed himself/herself, but needs a meal prepared, does not have an ADL deficit in eating. Rather, the patient has an identified need for a home management task to be performed. Meal preparation is not an ADL deficit that can be used as one of the two ADL deficits needed to qualify for PCS as it is a home management task and not an ADL.)

(You score ADLs. You do not score IADLs. You would put a "check" in the third column if you are going to be performing an ADL task in the field or an "I" if you will be assisting with an IADL task).

## Limitations in Activities of Daily Living (ADLs), continued

The PACT form also includes other personal care tasks, such as personal hygiene tasks, that the patient may need assistance with or performed for them. While a personal hygiene task is a covered PCS task, it is not in and of itself an ADL but is usually associated with the ADL of bathing. A patient only needing personal hygiene tasks and assistance with one other ADL would not qualify for PCS as there are not two ADL deficits. But a patient needing bathing (including personal hygiene) and assistance with one other ADL would qualify for PCS.

Rate the individual's "ADL Self-Performance" and "ADL Support Provided" using the scoring system provided. Check the applicable boxes. Indicate the days when assistance is needed in the blank beside a task.

M= Mon, T=Tues, W=Wed, Th=Thurs, F=Fri, S=Sat, Sun=Sunday

Completion of the assessment areas in each ADL field/category also includes completing scoring for column A "ADL Self-Performance" and column B "ADL Support Provided." The last column provides a space for the assessor to check if PCS assistance is needed based on the assessment and scoring of columns A. and B. Be careful that the fields/category numbers where you have indicated assistance is needed match up to the category numbers on the POC.

The "ADL Self Performance Scores" are defined on the PCS PACT tool. More information on this scoring is available in the MDS scoring research.

- 0 Independent: No help needed or oversight needed
- 1 Supervision: Oversight, encouragement, or cueing needed
- 2 Limited Assistance: Individual highly involved in activity, receives hands-on help in guided maneuvering of limbs with eating, toileting, bathing, dressing, personal hygiene, self-monitoring of meds and/or other non-weight bearing assistance.
- 3 Extensive Assistance: While individual performs part of activity, substantial or consistent hands-on assistance with eating, toileting, bathing, dressing, personal hygiene, self-monitoring of meds and/or weight bearing assistance is needed.
- 4 Full Dependence: Full performance of activity by another

The ADL score is tabulated by giving consideration to all boxes in each category. For example, if you scored in field 26 (personal hygiene) that the patient needed help with combing hair only, this would relate to the patient only needing limited assistance with a score of 2.

The "ADL Support Provided Scores" are also defined on the PCS PACT tool.

- 0 No set-up or physical help needed
- 1 Set-up help only
- 2 One person physical assist
- 3 Two+ persons assist and/or one person assist w/ assistive equipment

Note - Home management tasks in each category are not included in the overall scoring of that category - only ADLS and their related tasks are scored. Home management tasks are linked to the patient's ADL deficits and functional health needs.

Field/Category	Instructions
ADL Self-	Lists Scores 0-4 which correspond with the patient's level of
Performance Scores	independence and/or dependence. The provider will place the
	applicable score - 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 - under column A - by each of
	the fields/categories 19-30 on the PCS PACT form. Score how
	the patient appears most of the time.
ADL Support	Lists scores 0-3 which correspond to the type of support the
Provided Scores	recipient needs with the task(s). The provider will place the
Trovided Secres	applicable score - 0, 1, 2, or 3 - under column B - by each of the
	fields/categories 19-30 on the PCS PACT form. <b>The third</b>
	column is where you would place a check in the box if hands
	on assistance with an ADL will be needed. If you are
	performing and IADL task, place an "I" in the third
	column. The IADL supports are listed in certain categories
	in order to have a logical place to place these tasks. You may
	have an IADL task listed in an area where there is not an
	ADL deficit that corresponds, such as vacuum when there is
	normal respiration. You would need to make sure the
	patient's clinical and functional status on the PACT form
	supports that these services are needed and that the patient
	cannot perform these for himself/herself. Document in field
	38 why help is needed. Score how the patient appears most
	of the time.
Field 19	Ambulation – note assistive equipment patient is to use while
Tield 19	ambulating or if patient is bed/chair bound – check all that
	apply. If bed or chair bound see field 20 for further instructions.
Field 20	11 0
rieid 20	Non-ambulatory/transfer – Moving to and between surfaces -
	bed, chair, wheelchair, standing position. Indicate assistive
	equipment patient is to use during transfer – check all that apply.
	Note self sufficiency once transferred.  Field 19 and Field 20- even if you have deficits in both of these
	areas, you would consider this (1) ADL deficit. You can score
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	time for both 19 and 20 if you need to assist with areas in both
Field 21	of these categories.
Field 21	Nutrition – Check whether the patient is fed orally, parenterally
	or by tube. Indicate in the blank beside tube what type of tube
	the patient has. Check whether patient is fed or set-up only. An
	ADL deficit in eating occurs in this field if you are either
	feeding the patient or if you are replacing a part of eating
	such as chopping, pureeing or cutting up the food for the
	patient. Meal preparation and serving the food only is
	considered an IADL deficit. Document in field 38 why help
	is needed. Write in the dietary restrictions. Write in any
	supplements the patient may be using. Write in the diet ordered.
	Check whether meal preparation is one meal or two meals and
	the days that meals are to be prepared. Indicate what type of
	kitchen clean-up assistance is needed by circling all that apply.
	Use the blank line to write in the days of the week assistance is
	needed with kitchen clean-up.

Field/Category	Instructions
Field 22	Respiration – place a check in the box by the patient's
11010	respiratory status – check all that apply. Place a check in the
	applicable box to indicate the patient's frequency of oxygen use
	and whether or not the patient utilizes a nebulizer. If the patient
	utilizes a nebulizer, write in the blank the days of the week
	assistance is needed through PCS. Then write in the blanks by
	any of the home management tasks the days of the week the
	,
	task(s) is to be performed by PCS. Score this field according to
	the severity of the problem and if you are providing assistance
	with some part of respiration. Do not score this field if all that
	you will be assisting with is an IADL; indicate with an "I" that
E' 1100	an IADL will be done.
Field 23	Endurance – place a check in the applicable box indicating the
	patient's breathing status for how the patient appears most of the
	time. Then place a check in the box indicating whether or not
	the patient has generalized weakness. Write in the blank(s) by
	any of the home management tasks the days of the week the
	task(s) is to be performed by PCS. Score based on the severity
	of the problem. Do not score the IADL tasks in this field if all
	that you will be assisting with is an IADL. Indicate with an "I"
	an IADL will be done.
Field 24	Skin – place a check in the box indicating the patient's skin
	status. Check all that apply. Indicate whether or not the patient
	needs help with diabetic foot care and/or nail care and the
	frequency that assistance is needed by writing in the blank(s) the
	days of the week PCS assistance is needed. Do not score this
	section separate from bathing unless there is a skin condition
	warranting a treatment or applying a dry dressing. Applying
	lotion, etc. to normal skin would be expected to be part of the
	bathing process. This task category alone does not constitute an
	ADL.
Field 25	Bathing – indicate by writing in the days of the week by A, B, or
	C the type of bathing assistance the patient needs through PCS
	and on what day the assistance is needed. Write in the day(s) of
	the week the patient needs help with shampooing hair and
	cleaning the bathroom after bathing. Check whether or not the
	patient needs help with transferring in and out of the tub or
	shower and/or the devices the patient needs, if applicable, to
	assist with the bath. Remember the ADL self-performance score
	indicates the client's ability to self perform the identified task.
	Shampooing hair alone does not qualify as an ADL deficit.
	Bathing would be an ADL deficit if the patient requires hands
	on assistance with the bathing process, not just supervision of
Field 26	the self-performance of the bath.
Field 26	Personal Hygiene – place a check in the boxes indicating if the
	patient needs assistance with a personal hygiene task. Then
	write in the blank(s) the days of the week assistance is needed
	with braiding or setting hair and/or shaving.

Field/Category	Instructions
Field 27	Dressing - place a check in the boxes indicating if the patient
	needs hands on assistance with dressing, etc. Laying out the
	clothes or retrieving the clothes from the closet alone does not
	qualify as an ADL deficit. To qualify for an ADL deficit, the
	patient needs to have hands on assistance. Write in the blank(s)
	the days of the week assistance is needed with ROM and/or
	laundry.
Field 28	Bladder – Indicate the patient's urinary status and method by
	placing a check in the applicable boxes. Check the frequency of
	assistance needed. Check the devices/supplies needed. If a
	patient needs assistance with toileting, such as assistance to the
	bathroom, assistance with undergarments or perineal care after
	going to the bathroom, a patient would have an ADL deficit in
	toileting. IF the patient also has bladder incontinence, the patient
	would have another ADL deficit for bladder incontinence.
Field 29	Bowel - Indicate the patient's bowel status and method by
11010 25	placing a check in the applicable boxes. Check the frequency of
	assistance needed. Check off the devices/supplies needed. Write
	in the days of the week the patient needs an enema and/or
	assistance with a bowel program.
	assistance with a cower program.
	Field 28 and 29 together compose an ADL.
Field 30	Self-monitoring - Complete all applicable boxes. This section
	includes the monitoring, cueing and supervision of medication
	intake as well as assistance with other health related tasks. If
	the RN identifies the need for vital signs, glucometer testing or
	client weights directly related to a medical diagnosis, the RN
	should set parameters for when the aide needs to notify a
	supervisor. If vital sign monitoring, finger stick blood sugar
	monitoring and/or weights are identified as needed, the nurse
	should indicate the frequency of the task(s) on the Plan of Care.
	You only score this field if your agency will be assisting with
	one or more of the self-monitoring tasks. You do not need to
	score this field if the caregiver (s) will be responsible for these
	tasks. It is not included in the criteria if it is not included in the
	POC.
	Page 3
Patient First and Last	As it appears on the Medicaid card and page 1 of the PCS PACT
Name	Form
Medicaid ID	As it appears on the Medicaid care and page 1 of the PCS PACT
	Form
Assessment Date	Date this assessment is completed in the patient's home
Field 31	Pain:7-day look back – indicate the location of the pain and
1.000	severity of the pain using a rating scale of 0-10 with 0 being no
	pain and 10 being worst pain. Indicate with a check the pain
	frequency and pain control. Remember – PCS PLUS pain
	criteria indicates the patient has consistent and substantial pain
	which interferes with daily activities.
	<u> </u>

Field/Category	Instructions
Field 32	Cognitive Skills for Daily Decision Making – Check the box
	that describes the patient most of the time. If client is MR/DD
	note level or score. For example, mild; moderate; severe. This
	assessment is reviewed considering the patient's chronological
	age. Remember – PCS PLUS pain criteria indicates the patient
	has significant cognitive deficits which interfere with daily
T. 1100	activities.
Field 33	Behavior – Check all that apply.
Field 34	Vision – Check the patient's vision status and indicate if the patient uses glasses or contacts.
Field 35	Check the patient's hearing status and indicate if the patient uses
11010 33	a hearing aid.
Field 36	Check the patient's speech status. Note the primary language the
	patient speaks.
Field 37	Check the patient's method of communication and indicate if
	the patient is unable to write. If so, the client must make a mark
	on this form and it be followed by the nurse assessor's initials.
	This is only required if the patient will be making a mark on the
	in-home aide service log. (If telephony or electronic time
	verification is used – refer to these criteria in the policy.)
Field 38	Document additional time needed when deviating from time
	guidance. Document here information specific to patient needs
	for the other covered home management tasks that are not
	specifically linked to ADLs – such as reporting to DSS, writing
	letters, reading correspondence, etc. and also document
	EXCEPTIONS to identified time guidance.
Field 39	Write in the patient's perception of what he or she needs.
Field 40	Indicate if the patient has other medical considerations by
	checking all that apply.
Field 41	Indicate if the patient has an advanced directive and if so the
	location of the document.
Field 42	Indicate if there is a DNR order and check all that apply.
-	Remember that Hospice recipients are not eligible for in-home
	PCS.
Field 43	Safety Assessment – Complete all that apply. Note DME
	supplier and contact information. Patient choice is to be upheld
	as related to DME. Remember - if the home is not adequate or
	suitable to complete the plan of care, the primary physician
	and/or other applicable resources should be notified. Do not
	admit the patient to PCS services.
Field 44	Indicate if there are any other sources as listed available to meet
	the patient's needs at the times the services have been requested.
	If so, PCS is not indicated.
Nursa Assassar/Com	rification Signature of the RN completing the assessment and

Nurse Assessor/Certification – Signature of the RN completing the assessment and documentation on the PCS PACT form indicating whether or not the PCS services are needed. Your signature indicates that you completed this assessment and it accurately reflects the patient's condition and needs. Print your name legibly as it will be used to verify that you have completed the certification training. Record the time in and out of the home.

Page 4		
Patient First and Last	As it appears on the Medicaid card and page 1 of the PCS PACT	
Name	Form	
Medicaid ID	As it appears on the Medicaid card and page 1 of the PCS PACT Form	
Assessment Date		
Field 45	Date this assessment is completed in the patient's home	
riciu 43	Plan of Care – If the assessment indicates that the patient has medically-related personal care needs requiring PCS, show the	
	plan for providing the care beside the day(s) services are	
	needed. Write in the category # of the assigned task(s) that is	
	designated on the assessment and by the category # indicate the	
	amount of time to be allocated to that specific task. Follow the	
	DMA time guidance for time allotments. The category numbers	
	on the POC should match up with the field/categories on the	
	assessment that indicated that the patient needed assistance.	
	Remember tasks and time allotted should be individualized. The	
	tasks are based on the medical conditions and needs identified in	
	the assessment. The time allotted is based on the time guidance	
	and any documented exceptions. The time allotted for personal	
	care should exceed the IADLs (home management) on a weekly	
	basis. DMA expects an economy of tasks when there are	
	multiple recipients in the same home. DMA expects staff to multi-task – for example – the aide may be preparing a meal	
	while he/she is washing the clothes. Remember – many tasks are	
	not required daily - such as mopping, laundry etc. Home	
	management tasks should not exceed the time allotted for	
	personal care. Remember – the patient can have no more than 3	
	½ hours per day and no more than 60 hours per month. If PCS	
	PLUS is requested and prior approved – the patient can have no	
	more than 80 hours per month.	
Field 46	Goals/Objectives: Complete all	
Field 47	Verbal order – indicate if a verbal order was obtained to assess	
	the patient and determine eligibility for PCS per the PCS policy	
	and indicate the date. If a written order was received, for	
	example on a physician's prescription pad, incorporate this	
F: 11.40	written order into the clinical record.	
Field 48	Specify the date of the verbal order to start PCS, who conveyed	
	the verbal order and who received the verbal order. This means	
	you would document who in the physician's office, for example,	
	conveyed the verbal order and then the nurse's name in your agency who took the verbal order. This follows NC BON	
	interpretative guides.	
Physician	The patient's primary physician, PA or NP must sign and date	
Certification	prior to PCS services beginning unless a verbal order to begin	
Certification	services was obtained. If the physician failed to date his	
	signature, the agency may stamp or note the date received in the	
	agency. This is to note the date received only. Stamp or write in	
	"Rec'd" and then the date. The agency cannot predate the form	
	for the physician.	
_	101 the physician.	